IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend claims 1 and 14 and cancel claim 10 as indicated in the complete listing of all claims in the application set forth below.

- 1. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing carbohydrate fatty-acid esters comprising the steps of:
- (a) reacting, by solvent free trans-acidolysis, acylated carbohydrate with free fatty acid in the presence of an acid catalyst, under reduced pressure in the range of about 4 20 Torr;
- (b) decolorizing and separating out the unreacted fatty acid, from the reaction mixture obtained in step (a);
- (c) precipitating out the unreacted acylated carbohydrate from the reaction mixture obtained in step (b);
- (d) recovering carbohydrate fatty ester from the reaction mixture obtained in step (C); and
- (e) librating free hydroxyl groups by partial hydrolysis of the C2- or C3-acylated carbohydrate fatty acid ester in the presence of an acid catalyst for 3 to 6 hours to obtain carbohydrate fatty acid ester having free hydroxyl groups with Hydrophile-Lipophile-Balance (HLB) values of $\underline{1}$ -8 to 16.

- 2. (Original) The process of preparing carbohydrate fatty-acid esters of Claim 1, wherein in step (a), no solvent is added thereto.
- 3. (Original) The process of preparing carbohydrate fatty-acid esters of claim 1, wherein in the unreacted fatty-acid in the reaction mixture in step (b) is removed by precipitation from a solvent mixture at controlled temperature.
- 4. (Original) The process of preparing carbohydrate fatty-acid esters of claim 1, wherein the unreacted fatty-acid in the reaction mixture in step (b) is removed from the reaction mixture by solvent extraction.
- 5. (Previously Presented) The process of preparing carbohydrate fatty acid ester of claim 1 wherein the unreacted acylated carbohydrate is precipitated out in step (c) by cooling the reaction mixture in step (b) to a temperature in the range of about -4 to about 10 degree C.
- 6. (Original) The process of preparing carbohydrate fatty acid esters of claim 1, wherein the unreacted free fatty acids and the unreacted C2 or C3-acylated carbohydrate esters which are removed

during purification steps (b) and (c) are recycled to the reactant mixture.

7. (Canceled)

- 8. (Previously Presented) The process of preparing carbohydrate fatty-acid ester of claim 1 wherein step (a) is carried out at a pressure in the range of about 5-10 Torr.
- 9. (Previously Presented) The process of preparing carbohydrate fatty-acid esters of Claim 1, wherein mono-, di- and poly-fatty acid esters of C2- or C3-acylated carbohydrates of various Hydrophile-Lipophile-Balance (HLB) values are obtained.
 - 10. (Canceled)
 - 11. (Canceled)
 - 12. (Canceled)
- 13. (Previously Presented) The process of preparing carbohydrate fatty-acid esters of Claim 1, wherein step (a) is processed at a temperature ranging from about 60 to about 95 degree C.

- 14. (Currently Amended) A process of preparing carbohydrate fatty acid esters comprising the steps of:
- (a) reacting, by solvent-free trans-acidolysis, acylated carbohydrate with free fatty acid in the presence of an acid catalyst, under reduced pressure in the range of about 4 20 Torr;
- (b) decolorizing and separating out the unreacted fatty acid, from the reaction mixture obtained in step (a);
- (c) precipitating out the unreacted acylated carbohydrate from the reaction mixture obtained in step (b);
- (d) removing the unreacted free fatty acids and carbohydrate esters of low molecular-weight carboxylic acids during purification, and recycling the removed unreacted free fatty acids and carbohydrate esters to the starting reactant mixture; and
- (e) librating free hydroxyl groups by partial hydrolysis of the acylated carbohydrate fatty acid ester in the presence of an acid catalyst for 3 to 6 hours to obtain carbohydrate fatty acid ester having free hydroxyl groups with Hydrophile-Lipophile-Balance (HLB) values of 1 -8- to 16.

15. (Canceled)

16. (Previously Presented) The process according to claims 1 or 14 wherein the reactant carbohydrates include the group

consisting of partially or peracylated mono-, di- and trisaccharides in which the monosaccharide unit(s) is selected from the group consisting of furanosyl, pyranosyl or a C2-C6 open-chain structure.

- 17. (Previously Presented) The process according to claims 1 or 14 wherein the acyl group in the reactant acylated carbohydrates is acetic or propanoic acyl group.
- 18. (Previously Presented) The process according to claims 1 or 14 wherein, the acid catalysts includes sulphuric or camphorsulfonic acid, in the case of the monosaccharides; or boron trifluoride diethyl etherate, alkyl sulphonic acid polysiloxanes or tosylic acid, in the case of the di- and tri-saccharides.
- 19. (Previously Presented) The process according to claims 1 or 14 wherein in step (b) solvents are used to remove the unreacted fatty acid from the reaction mixture, said solvents selected from the group consisting of water, ethanol, iso-propanol, n-propanol, ethyl acetate, and mixtures thereof.
 - 20. (Original) The process according to claims 4 wherein the extraction solvent is hexane.

- 21. (Previously Presented) The process according to claims 1 or 14 wherein the free fatty acids have C6-C22 chain-length, with zero, mono or di-unsaturations.
- 22. (Currently Amended) The process according to claims $\frac{11}{2}$ or 14 wherein the hydrolysis acid catalyst is trifluoroacetic acid.
- 23. (Currently Amended) The process according to claims $\frac{11}{2}$ or 14 wherein the partially hydrolysed carbohydrate fatty acid esters are further separated by stage cooling, at controlled temperature ranging from about -15 to about 10 degree C, according to their degree of acylation.